

NAME: _____ DATE: _____ PERIOD: _____

Zoology A – Chapter 5 – Reptiles and Birds – Form 6A ©

To answer each of the following 26 questions, please select the appropriate word from the list at the bottom of the page. On the space provided on the left side of each question, you just need to write the single letter located next to the selected word.

1. _____ animals remain active at night time
2. _____ Muller's _____ is the theory that asexual populations experience a gradual decay in their DNA
3. _____ A group containing 180 species of worm lizards
4. _____ birds have long and slender legs useful to walk on wetlands
5. _____ A family of birds hatching at the same time
6. _____ It means "lizard faces"
7. _____ umbilicus is a region at the base of a vane where afterfeathers are located
8. _____ Some reptiles have _____ cells, which contain pigments to change color at will
9. _____ Pythons and boas are two examples of _____ snakes
10. _____ Boomsnangs and twig snakes are two snakes producing powerful _____ venoms
11. _____ Flight feathers providing birds forward thrust
12. _____ Type of epithelial tissue made up of cells whose shape resemble cubes
13. _____ They are also known as stomach stones
14. _____ Sea _____ only come to land to lay eggs
15. _____ Another word for feces
16. _____ The movable joint between the brain case and the roof of the skull is _____
17. _____ Flightless birds, for instance the penguin, have _____ bones
18. _____ organ is a cluster of sensory cells in the nasal chamber found in reptiles and mammals
19. _____ Set of vertebrae of the spinal column in the neck region of a bird
20. _____ The _____ projecting in the bird's sternum is similar to the shape of a ship's _____
21. _____ Bird organ where sounds are made
22. _____ tissue is the fat accumulating under the skin, around organs, and other places
23. _____ Four-toe arrangement in some birds, in which all four toes point forward
24. _____ Small contour feathers covering the ear and also the base of flight feathers
25. _____ The collection of feathers a bird has
26. _____ The innermost germ layer in a developing embryo

LIST OF WORDS

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| A- ADIPOSE | B- AMPHISBAENIANS | C- BASAL |
| D- BROOD | E- CERVICAL | F- CHROMATOPHORES |
| G- CONVERTS | H- CUBOIDAL | I- DISTAL |
| J- ENDODERM | K- FAECES | L- GASTROLITHS |
| M- HEMORRHAGIC | N- KEEL | O- MARSH |
| P- METAKINETIC | Q- NOCTURNAL | R- PAMPRODACTYLY |
| S- PLUMAGE | T- PRIMARIES | U- RATCHET |
| V- SAUROPSIDA | W- SOLID | X- SYRINX |
| Y- TURTLES | Z- VOMERONASAL | |

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A N S W E R K E Y

1 - Q	2 - U	3 - B	4 - O
5 - D	6 - V	7 - I	8 - F
9 - C	10 - M	11 - T	12 - H
13 - L	14 - Y	15 - K	16 - P
17 - W	18 - Z	19 - E	20 - N
21 - X	22 - A	23 - R	24 - G
25 - S	26 - J		

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